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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
10/705,693	11/10/2003	Mark Anthony Aubart	IR 3663 CIP	5227
31684	7590 01/27/2006		EXAMINER	
ARKEMA I	NC.		SANDERS, KRIELL	ION ANTIONETTE
PATENT DEPARTMENT - 26TH FLOOR 2000 MARKET STREET			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
PHILADELPHIA, PA 19103-3222			1714	
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DATE MAILED: 01/27/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Autient Community	10/705,693	AUBART ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Kriellion A. Sanders	1714				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).						
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 27 Oc	ctober 2005.					
	action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowan	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims						
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-21</u> is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-21</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.						
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
	priority upder 35 LLS C & 110(a)	-(d) or (f)				
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 						
Attachment(s)		·				
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)						
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	Paper No(s)/Mail Da					

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - a. A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 1-21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Gitlitz et al, US Patent No., 4,593,055.
- 3. Applicant's invention pertains to a copolymer of formula -[A]-[B]-, wherein A comprises XSiR₃ and B is a residue of an ethylenically unsaturated monomer. The claims also indicate that the polymers have an erosion rate in seawater that is further set forth in claims 2, 3 and 8 as 2-15 microns per month.

Gitlitz et al discloses erodible antifouling marine paints, which include an organosilyl acrylate copolymer therein. The organosilyl acrylate copolymers of the patent corresponds directly to those of applicant's claims and are produced from the copolymerization of organosilyl silyl acrylate or methacrylate and one or more ethylenically unsaturated monomers. The molar amount of organosilyl silyl acrylate or methacrylate monomer to ethylenically unsaturated comonomer, ranges from 10 to 80 parts per 100 parts of copolymer. See col. 3, line 25 through col. 5, line 37.

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The erosion rate of the final paint is said to depend upon the total contributions of functional groups, comonomers and other components in the paint. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to produce an erodible antifouling marine paints, which include an organosilyl acrylate copolymer therein and select specific functional groups, comonomers and other components within that paint so as to obtain an erosion rate in salt water of 2-15 microns per month.

Response to Arguments

- 4. Applicant's arguments filed 10/27/2005 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. Applicant avers that Gitlitz et al does not teach every element of the present claims and therefor does not present a prima facie case of obviousness. The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham v. John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:
 - 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
 - 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
 - 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
 - 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

Applicant argues Gitlitz et al fails to teach triarylsilyl(meth)acrylol compounds having any group other than phenyl. Since phenyl is an aryl group and phenyl is encompassed by applicant's claims, this argument is not persuasive.

Applicant admits that the triarylsilyl(meth)acrylol compounds of Gitlitz et al are used in amounts of 9-20 mole percent and that this amount overlaps the amounts used by applicant.

Therefor an argument that there is no teaching in the patent that the referenced

triarylsilyl(meth)acrylol compounds could be used in an amount of 9-20 mole percent is not persuasive.

Because the components and weight percentages of the presently claimed compositions are suggested by Gitlitz et al, the resulting polymers produced from these suggested components would inherently possess an erosion rate in seawater suitable for use as a binder in a marine antifouling paint.

Conclusion

5. THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Kriellion A. Sanders whose telephone number is 571-272-1122.

The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Thursday 6:30-7:00.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Vasu Jagannathan can be reached on 571-272-1119. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Kriellion A. Sanders Primary Examiner Art Unit 1714

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